

COLD GAL

Size 370g NET

Impact-A Cold Gal is a zinc rich Weld Through coating that provides long term protection against rust and corrosion. The unique action of Impact-A Cold Gal reacts with the metal to replace damaged surfaces and produce a protective barrier. Impact-A Cold Gal protects iron and steel against rust and corrosion. It is ideal for steel roofs, fences, gates or wrought iron, boats and marine equipment, air conditioning and heating systems. Impact-A Cold Gal provides excellent long-term protection and is ideally suited to coat any metal parts that require protection or touch ups to any galvanised parts.

Surface Protection

The correct surface preparation is critical. Both the paint and the metal must be in contact if a successful reaction is to take place. Wire brushing or mechanical sander must remove all loose materials until a firm base is established. The surface must be thoroughly cleaned and free from grease, oil, dirt, and other contaminants. DO NOT use a Rust Converter.

Before Spraying

Cover nearby areas to protect from overspray. To ensure an even distribution of zinc throughout the paint it is important to shake the can for two minutes after mixing ball rattles and occasionally during use.

Spray Application

Adjust nozzle to the desired spray pattern. The horizontal setting used when spraying up and down. The vertical position when spraying across. Hold the can upright approximately 25cm from the surface. It is better to apply several light coats rather than one heavy coat.

Drying Time

Dries to touch in 30 minutes. Apply additional coats if required after 8 hours.

After Spraying

To clean nozzle and prevent blocking, turn the can upside down and press button until only gas escapes.

Over Coating

Impact-A Cold Gal does not require a topcoat. Where a topcoat is desired the surface may be over coated with both Enamel and Acrylic paint systems.

Clean Up

Use mineral turps to remove any overspray.

Caution – Highly Flammable

Keep away from flame and heat. Keep in a cool place out of the sun. Do not puncture or incinerate can even when empty. Do not store above 50°C. Avoid breathing vapours or contact with skin or eyes.

IMPACT-A

Cold Gal

98.5%
Zinc
Purity

Cold Galvanising Spray Paint

- Protects Iron and Steel against Rust and Corrosion
- Zinc Rich
- Provides Excellent Long-Term Protection

370g NET



IMPACT-A



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: CSS Cold Gal

Reference No: CAM001702

Issued: 2016-04-28

Version: 1.0

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SECTION 1 – MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: CSS COLD GAL
Product Code: CSSCG
Synonyms: CSS Cold Gal
Recommended Use: Paint
Supplier: Construction Supply Specialists Pty Ltd
ABN: 45 161 688 571
Street Address: 6 Broadfield Road
Broadmeadows
VIC, 3047
Australia
Telephone: +61 3 9357 4228
Fax: +61 3 9357 4229
Website: www.constructionsupply.com.au

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 03 9357-4228
(Mon-Fri; 8am-4:30pm; AEST)

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Classifications

Flammable Aerosols - Category 1
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 4
Aspiration Hazard - Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3 Narcotic Effects
Acute Hazard to the Aquatic Environment - Category 2
Chronic Hazard to the Aquatic Environment - Category 2

Hazard Statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention Precautionary Statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P103 Read label before use.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.
P264	Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator.

Response Precautionary Statements

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage Precautionary Statements

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal Precautionary Statement

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.
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Poison Schedule: S5. Caution

DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

Dangerous Goods Class: 2.1

SECTION 3 – POSSIBLE DANGERS

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO	PROPORTION
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30%
Benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4	1-10%
Benzene, trimethyl-	25551-13-7	1-10%
Butane	106-97-8	1-10%
Propane	74-98-6	10-30%
Propane, 2-methyl-	75-28-5	10-30%
Xylene	1330-20-7	10-30%
Zinc	7440-66-6	10-30%
Ingredients determined to be Non-Hazardous	-	Balance 100%

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin Contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for at least 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital.

Ingestion: Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Immediately call Poisons Centre or Doctor.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code:	2YE
Suitable extinguishing media:	If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), alcohol resistant foam, standard foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).
Specific hazards:	Extremely flammable aerosol. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke.
Fire fighting further advice:	Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning or decomposing may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion or decomposition.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spills:	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of gas. If safe to do so, isolate the leak. Increase ventilation to assist with dispersion.
Large Spills:	If safe to do so, shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use a spark-free shovel. If safe to do so, isolate the leak. Increase ventilation to assist with dispersion. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 49

SECTION 7 – HANDING AND STORAGE

Handing:	Avoid eye contact and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.
Storage:	<p>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Store locked up. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.</p> <p>This material is classified as a Division 2.1 Flammable Gas As per the criteria of the "Australian code for the transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.</p> <p>This material is a Scheduled Poison Schedule 5 (Caution) and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.</p>

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:	TWA		STEL		NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	
Acetone 67-64-1	500	1185	1000	2375	-
Butane 106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	100	434	125	543	-
Propane 74-98-6	-	-	-	-	-
Trimethyl benzene 25551-13-7	25	123	-	-	-
Xylene 1330-20-7	80	350	150	655	-

As published by Safe Work Australia.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

Asphyxiant - gases which can lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. The minimum oxygen content in air should be 18% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Engineering Measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator. An asphyxiant gas which can lead to the reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. The minimum oxygen content in air should be 18% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure.

Personal Protection Equipment: SAFETY SHOES, OVERALLS, GLOVES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, RESPIRATOR.

Wear safety shoes, overalls, gloves, chemical goggles, respirator. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from butyl rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid eye contact and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form:	Aerosol	Colour:	Grey
Odour:	Acetone-like		
Solubility:	Insoluble in water, soluble in hydrocarbons		
Specific Gravity (20 °C):	N Av		
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	>1		
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	N Av		
Flash Point (°C):	<0		
Flammability Limits (%):	N Av		
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	N Av		
Melting Point/Range (°C):	<0		
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	<0		
pH:	NApp		
Viscosity:	NAv		
Total VOC (g/Litre):	616 g/L		(Typical values only - consult specification sheet) N Av = Not available, N App = Not applicable

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability:	This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.
Conditions to avoid:	Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials:	Oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.
Hazardous reactions:	No known hazardous reactions.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea. Inhalation of high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of co-ordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness. An asphyxiant; exposure to high concentrations can cause suffocation.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in irritation.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary oedema.

Eye contact: An eye irritant.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as a Category 4 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 2,500 - 20,000 ppm

Skin contact: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Ingestion: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 2A Hazard (reversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard (reversible effects to skin).

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as a Category 3 Hazard. Exposure via inhalation may result in depression of the central nervous system.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category Acute 2 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1 - 10 mg/L

Long-term aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category Chronic 2 Hazard. Non-rapidly or rapidly degradable substance for which there are adequate chronic toxicity data available OR in the absence of chronic toxicity data, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1 - 10 mg/L, where the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or $BCF \geq 500$ and/or $\log K_{ow} \geq 4$.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see “section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection” of this SDS. If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the “Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail” and the “New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land”.

UN No:	1950	Dangerous Goods Class:	2.1
Packing Group:	None	Hazchem Code:	2YE
Emergency Response Guide No:	49	Proper Shipping Name:	AEROSOLS



Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable liquids (Class 3), if both are in bulk, flammable solids (Class 4.1), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7). Exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN No:	1950	Dangerous Goods Class:	2.1
Packing Group:	None	Proper Shipping Name:	AEROSOLS



AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulation by air.

UN No:	1950	Dangerous Goods Class:	2.1
Packing Group:	None	Proper Shipping Name:	AEROSOLS



SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

HSNO Group Standard: HSR002515 - Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2006

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)
Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

This material is subject to the following international agreements:

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)
- Annex II - Noxious Liquid Substances carried in Bulk
- Annex III - Harmful Substances carried in Packaged Form

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

- The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) established under the Therapeutic Goods Act (Commonwealth).
- All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Literary reference

This MSDS has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Reasons for issue:	Revised	Format change
	Change in formulation	Change in hazardous substance classification

Material Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This MSDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since Campbells Wholesale Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company. Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.